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Alternative to fusion, one-neutron stripping beats powerful nuclear reaction

An underdog nuclear reaction can produce as good output as the popular nuclear fusion.

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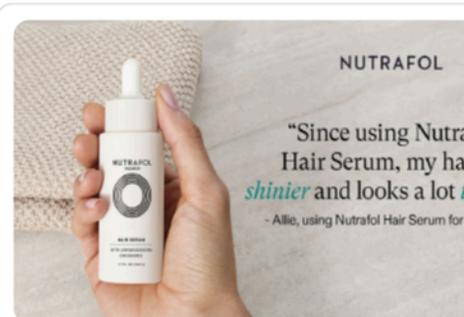
Rupendra Brahabhatt

20 days ago

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Using the advanced GALILEO Array coupled with the 4π Si-ball EUCLIDES, Zhang, the researchers conducted in-depth spectroscopic analysis to track and Gaolong identify the reactions.



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Nuclear fusion is one of the most powerful reactions known to mankind. It is the process that powers the Sun and stars, and results in high-energy output. However, achieving nuclear fusion in lab settings is quite challenging as it requires extreme temperature and pressure conditions.

A new study reveals a more practical alternative to nuclear fusion. It shows that one-neutron stripping can produce similar or more output than a fusion reaction, particularly in low-energy regions close to the minimum energy threshold required for a nuclear reaction.



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One-neutron stripping is a reaction during which a neutron from a moving nucleus is kicked out as it hits another nucleus. It is like knocking a ball (neutron) out of

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a moving box (nucleus) when it hits another box. This leaves the moving box with one less ball.

Compared to [nuclear fusion](#), nuclear stripping is much easier to achieve in the lab. Therefore, these findings

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Close the gap between



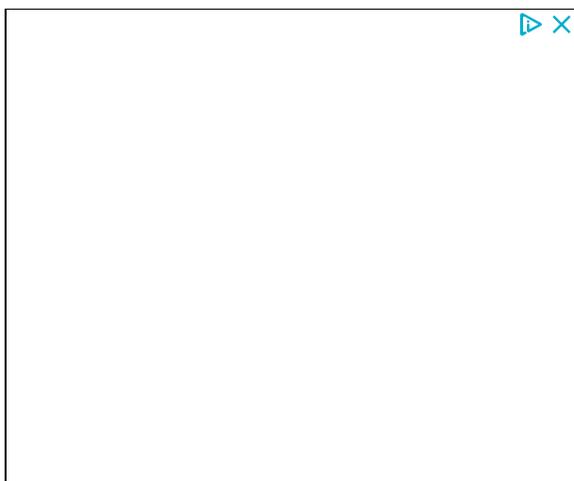
For decades, scientists have been trying to understand the mechanism that leads to the transfer of neutrons in weakly bound nuclei. It is important to decode this mechanism as it can greatly improve our [understanding of nuclear physics](#), including various nuclear reactions.

The study authors performed an interesting experiment for this purpose. They studied the one-neutron stripping process between Li-6 (a Lithium isotope) and Bi-209 (an isotope of Bismuth). Then compared its output with that of the complete fusion reaction involving the same isotopes.

They employed the GALILEO Array (a gamma-ray detector) in combination with the 4π Si-ball EUCLIDES (an advanced laser detector) to study [gamma-ray emissions](#) and detect charged particles during the reactions.

They also used a special method known as the gamma-gamma coincidence, to study different gamma rays identified in the one-neutron stripping. “The gamma-gamma coincidence was crucial in isolating specific reaction channels, allowing the team to pinpoint the

reaction chambers, allowing the team to pinpoint the behavior of nuclei under different conditions with high accuracy,” the researchers note.



The results of neutron transfer between Be and Li surprised the researchers. Here’s what they found:

One-neutron stripping has immense potential

In the above-mentioned reaction, the weakly bound Li-6 collides with much heavier Bi-209. The result of this interaction shows that one-neutron transfer is capable of producing output similar to that of a fusion reaction.

“One-neutron stripping process yields results comparable to those of complete fusion reactions especially in energy regions near nuclear barriers. Contrary to previous expectations, the results indicate that the one-neutron transfer plays a dominant role at lower energies, exceeding the output of fusion reactions,” the study authors said.

These findings may unlock new opportunities for employing one-neutron transfer in areas such as [nuclear energy](#) research.

“The process underscores the intricate and nuanced nature of nuclear reactions, providing a stepping stone for future scientific breakthroughs in nuclear science and technology,” the study authors added.