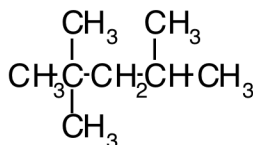


"Grade or Education" = 1

CHEM 2261/01
Summer 10
Exam 4
Chapters 10, 11, 14

1. How many alkyl halides can be obtained from the monochlorination of the alkane shown below? Neglect stereoisomers.

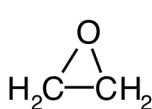
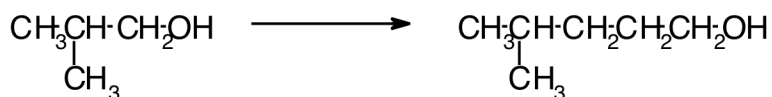


- ___ A. 3
___ B. 5
___ C. 2
___ D. 1
___ E. 4

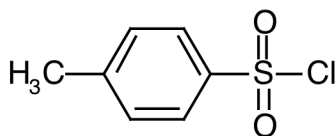
Rationale:

similar to Chapter 12 Problem 4i

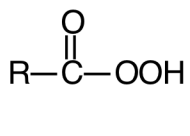
2. Pick the choice which **CORRECTLY** describes how the following synthesis could be carried out. Note the abbreviations used in the multiple choices for several reagents or solvents whose structures are shown below the synthesis.



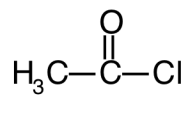
EO



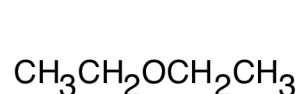
TsCl



RCO₃H



AcCl



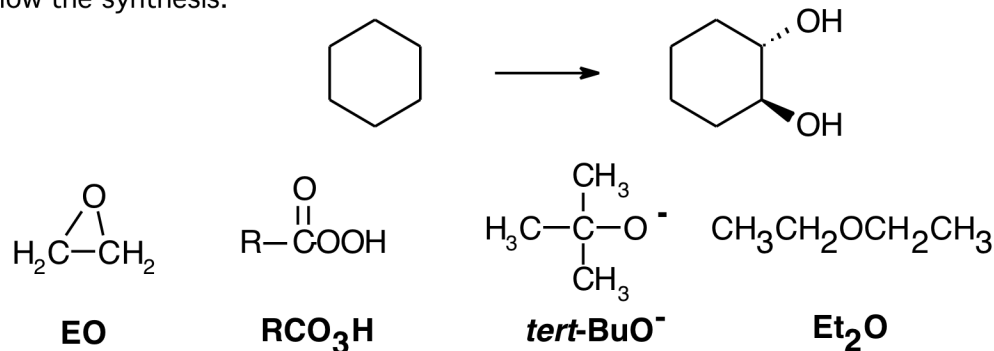
Et₂O

- ___ A. First: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next: **EO** ; Finally: HO⁻/H₂O
___ B. First: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next: CH₂=CHMgBr; Next: **RCO₃H** ; Finally: H⁺/H₂O
___ C. First: HBr/Δ; Next: Mg/**Et₂O** ; Finally: 1. **EO** , and 2. H⁺
___ D. First: HBr; Next: Mg/**Et₂O** ; Next: **AcCl** ; Finally: H₂/Pd
___ E. First: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next: HOCH₂CH₂MgBr

Rationale:

Chapter 11 Problem 25b

3. Pick the choice which **CORRECTLY** describes how the following synthesis could be carried out. Note the abbreviations used in the multiple choices for several reagents or solvents whose structures are shown below the synthesis.

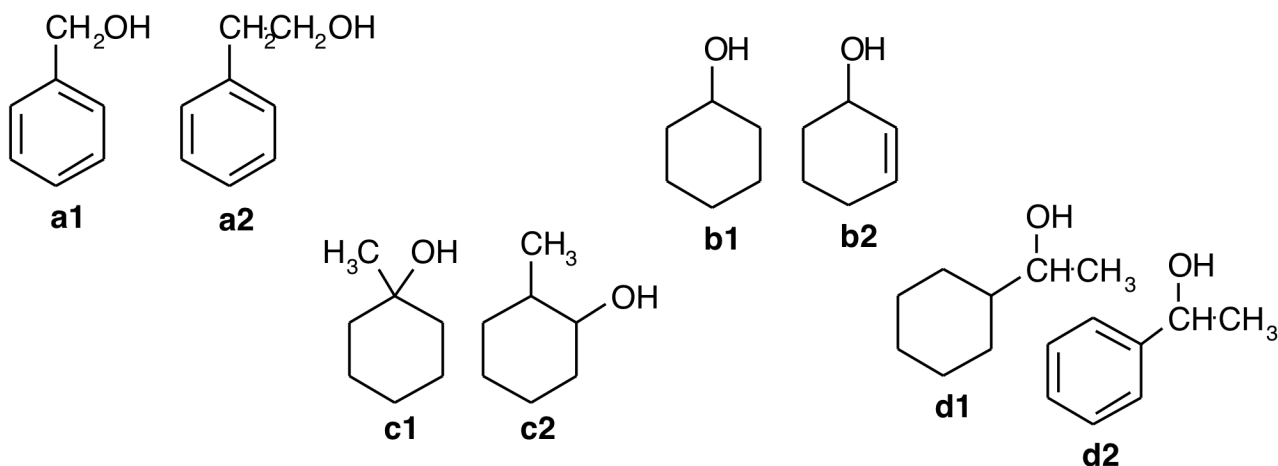


- ___ A. First: Br₂/hν; Next: **tert-BuO⁻**; Next: Br₂/CH₂Cl₂; Next NaNH₂ (excess); Finally: H⁺/H₂O
 ___ B. First: Br₂/hν; Next: **tert-BuO⁻**; Next: **RCO₃H**; Finally: HO⁻
 ___ C. First: Br₂/hν; Next: Mg/**Et₂O**; Next: **EO**; Finally: H⁺/H₂O
 ___ D. First: Br₂/hν; Next: HO⁻; Next: H₂CrO₄; Next: **RCO₃H**; Finally: HO⁻
 ___ E. First: Br₂/hν; Next: **tert-BuO⁻**; Next: **EO**; Finally: HO⁻

Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 19d

4. Figure out which alcohol in each of the pairs shown below will undergo dehydration more rapidly when heated with H₂SO₄. Pairs of alcohols share the same letter, ie, **a1** and **a2**. Choose the **CORRECT** statement from the multiple choices.

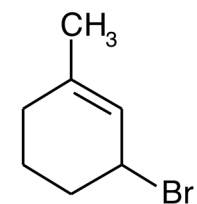


- ___ A. **a1** will undergo dehydration more rapidly than **a2** when heated with H₂SO₄.
 ___ B. **c2** will undergo dehydration more rapidly than **c1** when heated with H₂SO₄.
 ___ C. None of the other choices is correct..
 ___ D. **d2** will undergo dehydration more rapidly than **d1** when heated with H₂SO₄.
 ___ E. **b1** will undergo dehydration more rapidly than **b2** when heated with H₂SO₄.

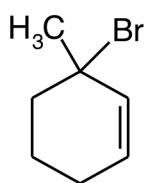
Rationale:

similar to Chapter 10 Problem 34(a-d)

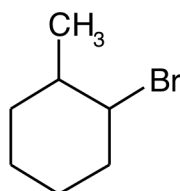
5. Find the major products of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with the reagents specified in the multiple choices. Choose the response which **CORRECTLY** matches one or more structures below with a particular reaction. Ignore stereochemistry.



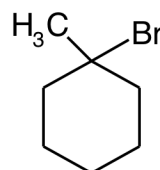
Product 1



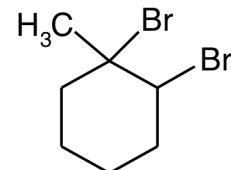
Product 2



Product 3



Product 4



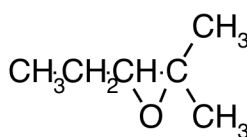
Product 5

- ___ A. Products 1 and 2 are major products of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with $\text{Br}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$.
- ___ B. Product 4 is the major product of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with $\text{NBS}/\Delta/\text{peroxide}$.
- ___ C. Products 3 and 4 are major products of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with $\text{Br}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$.
- ___ D. Product 3 is the major product of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with $\text{HBr}/\text{peroxide}$.
- ___ E. Product 3 is the major product of the reaction of 1-methylcyclohexene with HBr .

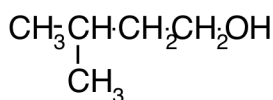
Rationale:

Chapter 11 Problem 18

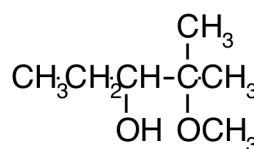
6. By looking at the numbered structures below figure out which of the multiple choices specifies the **CORRECT** product of a reaction.



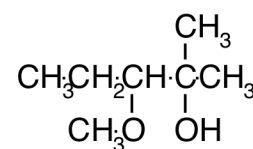
1



2



3



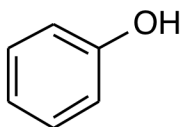
4

- ___ A. **1** + $\text{CH}_3\text{O}^-/\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \mathbf{2}$
- ___ B. **1** + $\text{H}^+/\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \mathbf{2}$
- ___ C. **1** + $\text{H}^+/\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \mathbf{4}$
- ___ D. **1** + $\text{CH}_3\text{O}^-/\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \mathbf{4}$
- ___ E. **1** + $\text{CH}_3\text{O}^-/\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \mathbf{3}$

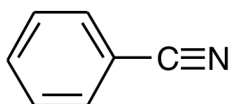
Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 33(d,e)

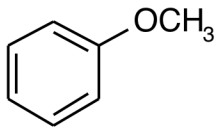
7. Figure out the names of the five compounds whose structures are shown below. Choose the one which is **CORRECTLY** named in the multiple choices.



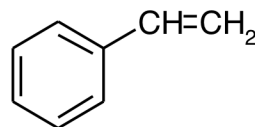
a



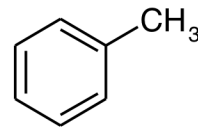
c



e



f



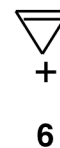
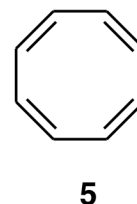
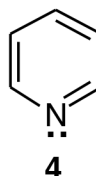
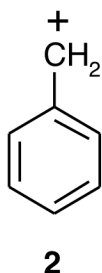
g

- ___ A. Compound **f** is toluene.
- ___ B. Compound **g** is anisole.
- ___ C. Compound **a** is phenol.
- ___ D. Compound **e** is styrene.
- ___ E. Compound **c** is phenyl nitrile.

Rationale:

Chapter 15 Problem 35(a,c,e,f,g)

8. Classify each of the five numbered structures below as aromatic, nonaromatic, or antiaromatic. (Hint: If possible a ring will be nonplanar to avoid being antiaromatic.) Choose the **CORRECT** statement.

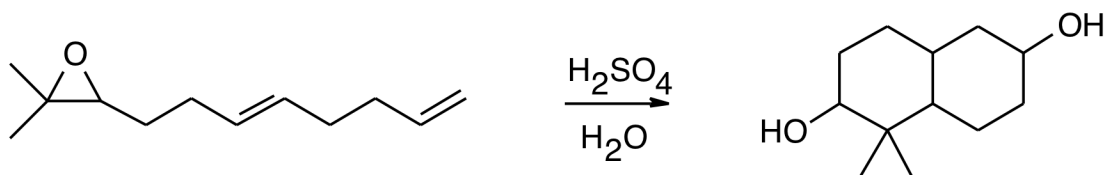


- ___ A. **3** and **5** are antiaromatic.
- ___ B. **5** is antiaromatic.
- ___ C. **1**, **3**, and **5** are aromatic.
- ___ D. **1** is nonaromatic.
- ___ E. **2**, **4**, and **6** are aromatic.

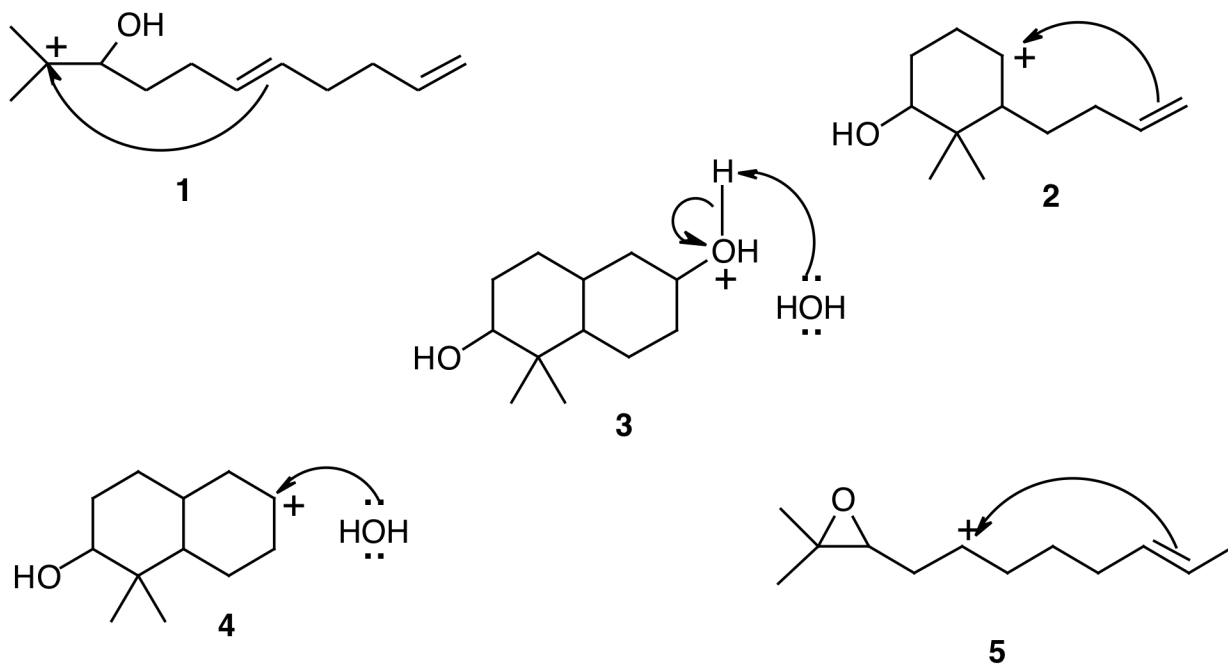
Rationale:

similar to Chapter 15 Problem 36

9. Work out the curved-arrow mechanism for the rearrangement reaction shown below.



Which of the numbered curved-arrow mechanistic processes shown below is **NOT** part of your mechanism?

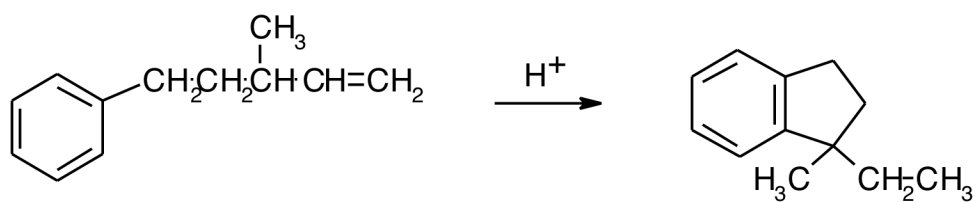


- ___ A. 4
- ___ B. 1
- ___ C. 5
- ___ D. 2
- ___ E. 3

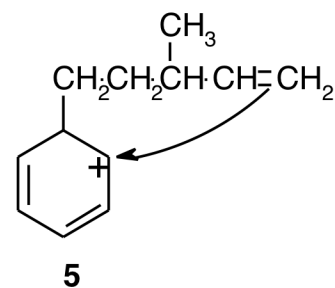
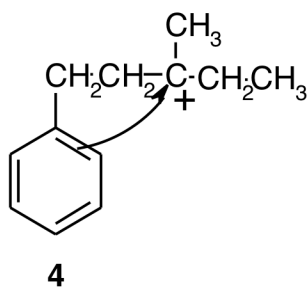
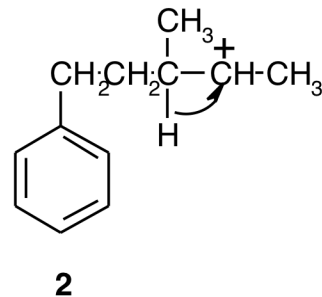
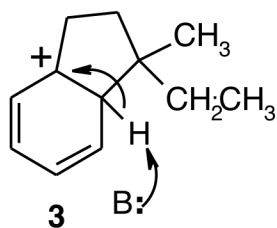
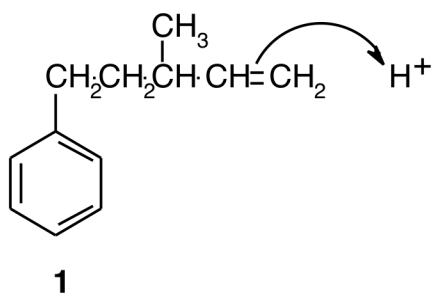
Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 59a

10. Work out the curved-arrow mechanism for the rearrangement reaction shown below.



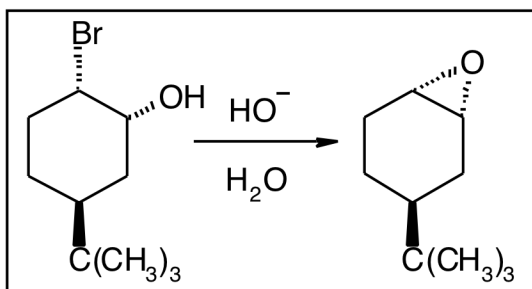
Which of the numbered curved-arrow mechanistic processes shown below is **NOT** part of your mechanism?



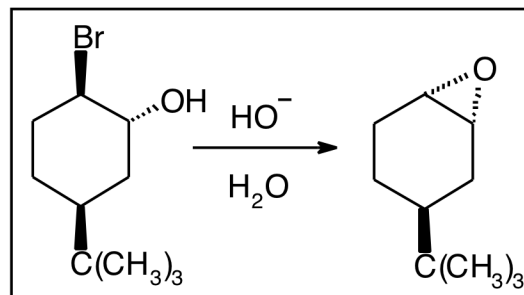
- ___ A. 2
 ___ B. 1
 ___ C. 4
 ___ D. 3
 ___ E. 5

Rationale:
 similar to Chapter 15 Problem 47a

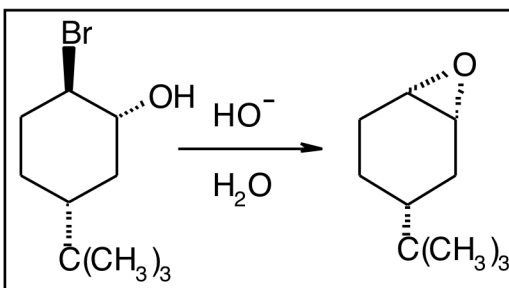
11. Which of the choices lists the reactions shown below in order of **DECREASING** speed (ie. fastest reaction > intermediate speed reaction > slowest reaction)?



Reaction A



Reaction B



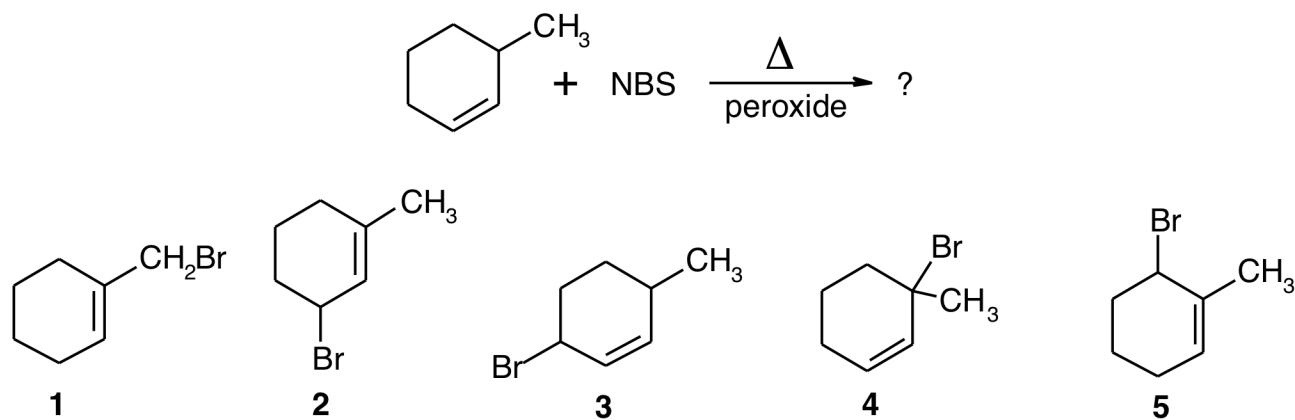
Reaction C

- ☐ A. **Reaction B > Reaction C > Reaction A**
- ☐ B. **Reaction C > Reaction B > Reaction A**
- ☐ C. **Reaction A > Reaction B > Reaction C**
- ☐ D. **Reaction A > Reaction C > Reaction B**
- ☐ E. **Reaction B > Reaction A > Reaction C**

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 60

12. Find the major product(s) of the reaction shown below. Ignore stereochemistry.

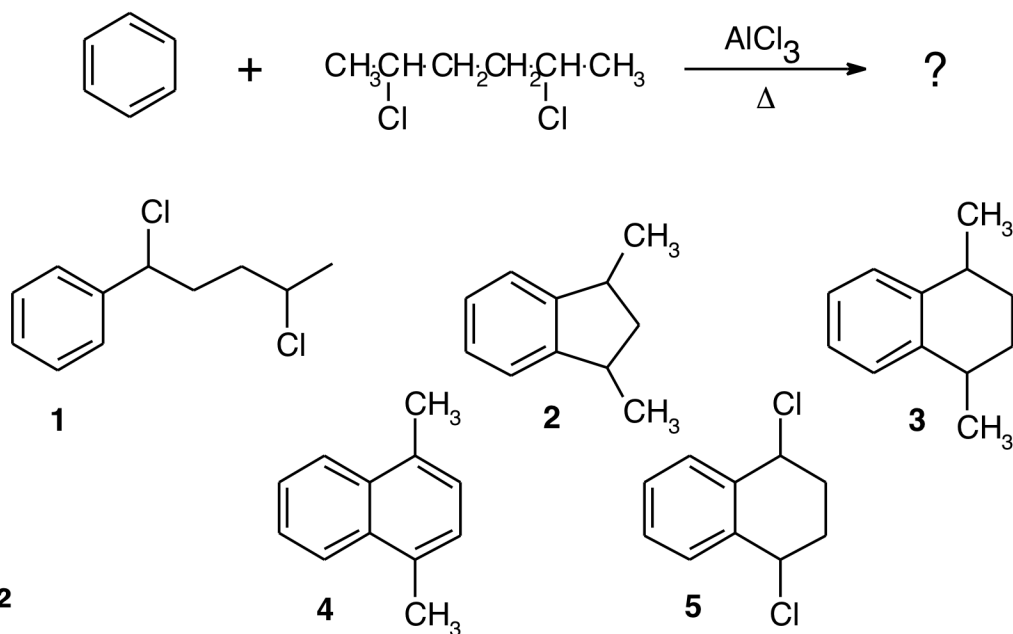


- ___ A. **2** and **4** are the major products of this reaction.
 ___ B. **3** is the major product of this reaction.
 ___ C. **3** and **4** are the major products of this reaction.
 ___ D. **1**, **2**, and **5** are the major products of this reaction.
 ___ E. **1**, **3**, and **5** are the major products of this reaction.

Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 26c

13. Choose the **CORRECT** structure of the product of the reaction shown below.

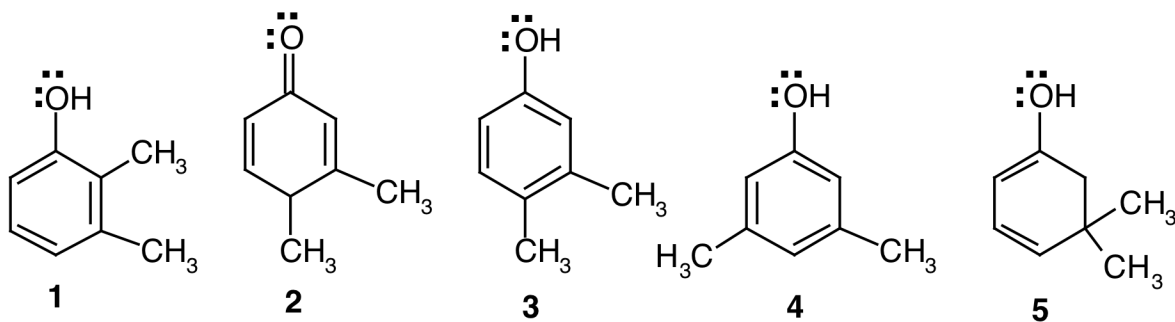
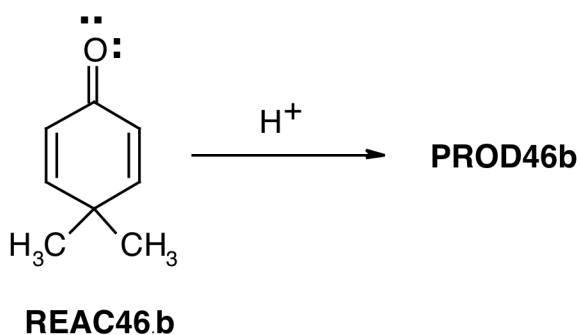
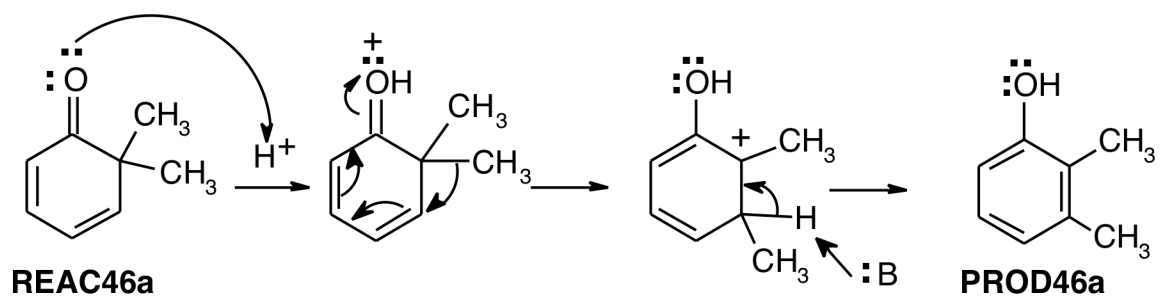


- ___ A. **2**
 ___ B. **5**
 ___ C. **4**
 ___ D. **1**
 ___ E. **3**

Rationale:

moved to Chapter 16

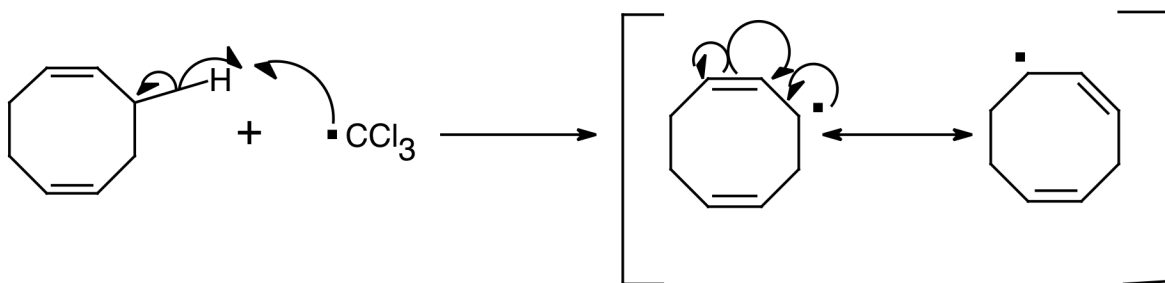
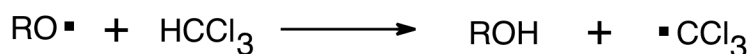
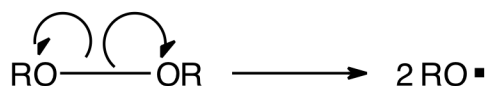
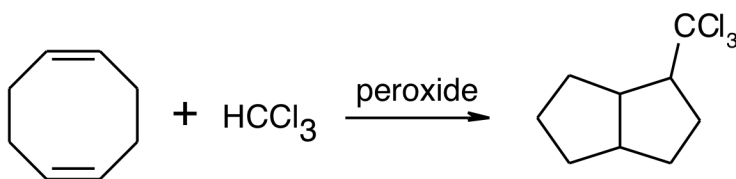
14. Examine the reaction mechanism shown below for the conversion of **REAC46a** into **PROD46a**. Based on this mechanism what is the **CORRECT** structure of **PROD46b**?



- ___ A. 4
- ___ B. 1
- ___ C. 2
- ___ D. 3
- ___ E. 5

Rationale:
Chapter 15 Problem 51b

15. Part of the mechanism is shown for the reaction in the figure below. Which of the choices **BEST** describes what happens in the very next step of the mechanism (not shown)?



- ___ A. The 8-membered ring radical abstracts a hydrogen atom from an ROH molecule.
- ___ B. The lone electron (radical) in the position represented by the rightmost resonance structure attacks the more remote double bond on the exact opposite side of the 8-membered ring forming a structure with two connected 5-membered rings.
- ___ C. The radical on the 8-membered ring attacks a peroxide molecule attaching an OR group to the ring.
- ___ D. A 1,2 shift of a hydrogen atom occurs, moving the free radical electron one position further counterclockwise along the 8-membered ring.
- ___ E. The 8-membered ring radical abstracts a hydrogen atom from an HCCl_3 molecule.

Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 41

Answer Key

"Grade or Education" = 1

**CHEM 2261/01
Summer 10
Exam 4
Chapters 10, 11, 14**

1. E
2. C
3. B
4. D
5. D
6. D
7. C
8. E
9. C
10. E
11. A
12. A
13. E
14. D
15. B