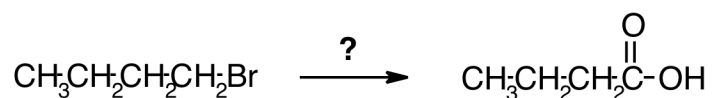


# "Grade or Education" = 1

CHEM 2261/01  
Summer 12  
Exam 4  
Chapters 10, 11, 12, 15

1. Which of the choices describes a **CORRECT** way to carry out the synthesis suggested in the figure below?

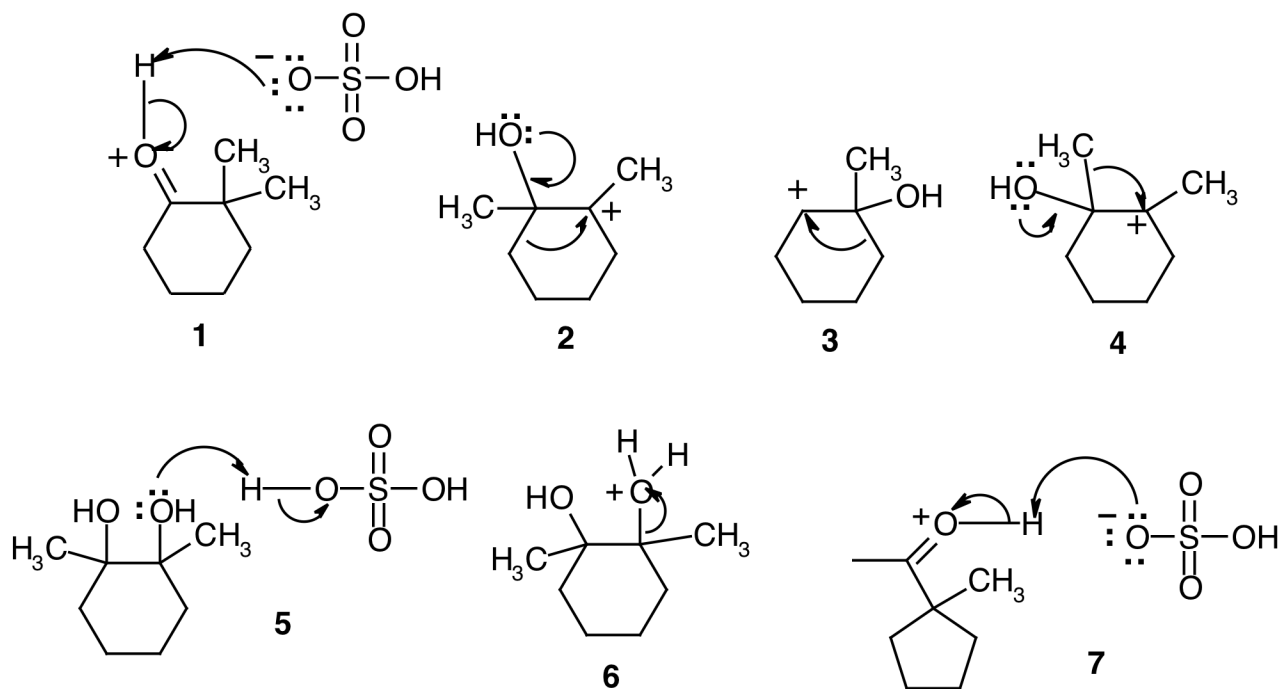
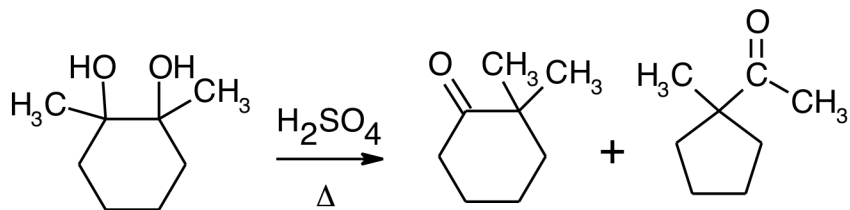


- \_\_\_ A. First react with  $\text{OH}^-$  and then oxidize with  $\text{H}_2\text{CrO}_4$ .
- \_\_\_ B. First eliminate  $\text{HBr}$  with  $\text{t-BuO}^-$ . Next generate terminal alcohol with  $\text{BH}_3/\text{THF}$  followed by  $\text{OH}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Finally oxidize with PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate).
- \_\_\_ C. First eliminate  $\text{HBr}$  with  $\text{t-BuO}^-$ . Next generate alcohol with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Finally oxidize with  $\text{H}_2\text{CrO}_4$ .
- \_\_\_ D. First react with  $\text{OH}^-$  and then oxidize with PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate).
- \_\_\_ E. First eliminate  $\text{HBr}$  with  $\text{t-BuO}^-$ . Next generate alcohol with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Finally oxidize with PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate).

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 45b

2. Work out the mechanism for the reaction shown in the figure below. Which of the numbered sets of electron movements shown below the reaction does **NOT** occur in this mechanism?



- \_\_\_ A. 4  
 \_\_\_ B. 7  
 \_\_\_ C. 1  
 \_\_\_ D. 3  
 \_\_\_ E. 2

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 66a

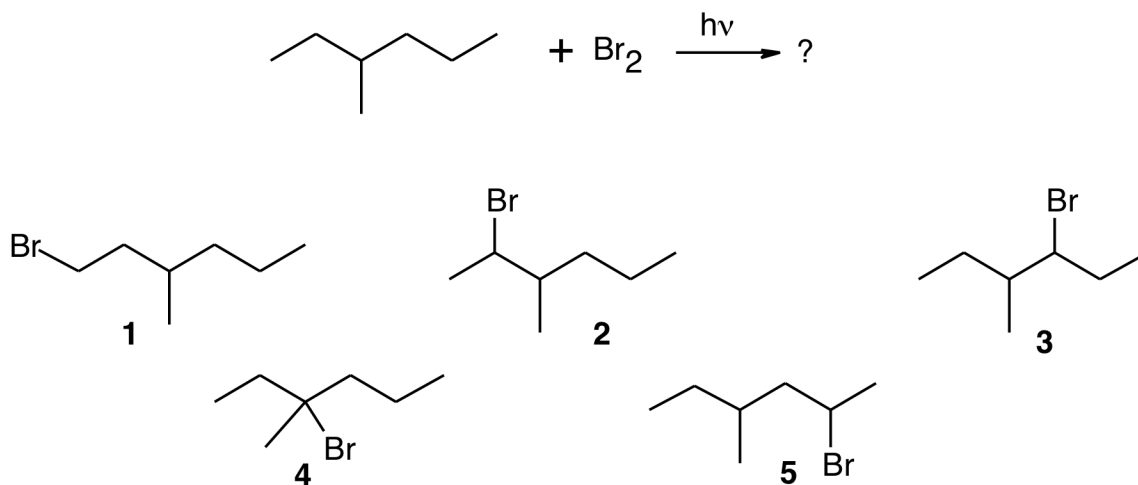
3. Starting with (R)-1-deuterio-1-propanol how could you prepare (S)-1-deuterio-1-propanol?

- \_\_\_ A. First react with NaH followed by  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$  to convert the alcohol to a methyl ether. Next react the methyl ether with NaOH to convert the methyl ether back to the alcohol with inversion of configuration.
- \_\_\_ B. First react with NaH followed by  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$  to convert the alcohol to a methyl ether. Next cleave the methyl ether with HI to make an iodide. Finally react the iodide with  $\text{OH}^-$  to turn the iodide back into an alcohol with inversion of configuration via an  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$  reaction.
- \_\_\_ C. First react with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to dehydrate the alcohol and generate an alkene. Next react with  $\text{BH}_3/\text{THF}$  followed by  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{OH}^-$  to make a terminal alcohol.
- \_\_\_ D. First react with a sulfonyl chloride ( $\text{RSO}_2\text{Cl}$ ) in pyridine to make a sulfonate ester out of the alcohol, and then react with hydroxide ( $\text{HO}^-$ ) to convert the ester back into an alcohol with inversion of configuration.
- \_\_\_ E. First oxidize the alcohol to an aldehyde with PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate). Next reduce the aldehyde back to the alcohol with inversion of configuration with  $\text{H}_2/\text{Pd/C}$ .

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 36a

4. Find the major product of the reaction shown below. Ignore stereochemistry.

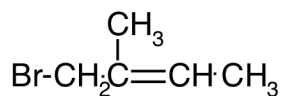
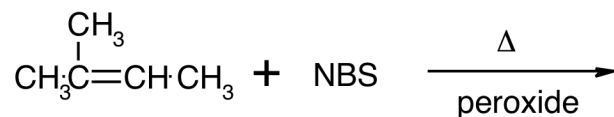


- \_\_\_ A. **3** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ B. **1** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ C. **5** is the major products of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ D. **4** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ E. **2** is the major product of this reaction.

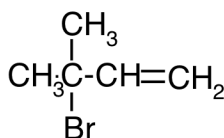
Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 22c

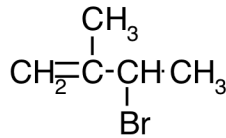
5. Find the correct **MAJOR** product(s) of the reaction below and choose the answer which suggests the **CORRECT** product(s).



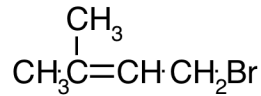
compound 1



compound 2



compound 3



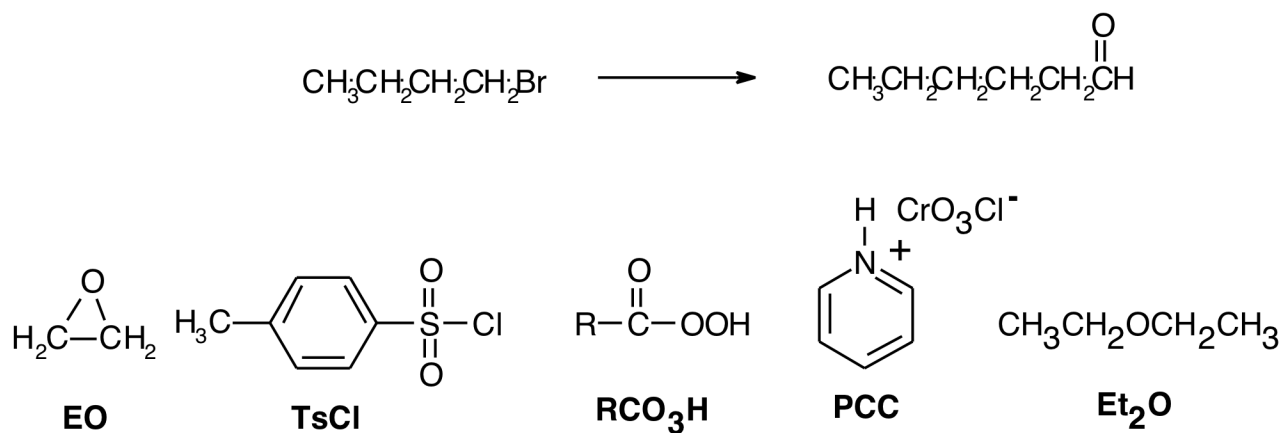
compound 4

- \_\_\_ A. Only compound 3 is a product of this reaction.  
 \_\_\_ B. Compounds 1, 2 and 3 are all products of this reaction.  
 \_\_\_ C. Compounds 2 and 4 are both products of this reaction.  
 \_\_\_ D. Only compound 4 is a product of this reaction.  
 \_\_\_ E. Compounds 1 and 2 are both products of this reaction.

Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 22b

6. Pick the choice which **CORRECTLY** describes how the following synthesis could be carried out. Note the abbreviations used in the multiple choices for several reagents or solvents whose structures are shown below the synthesis.

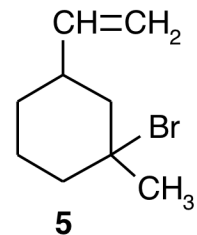
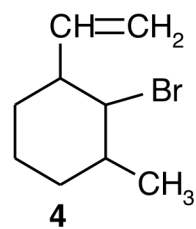
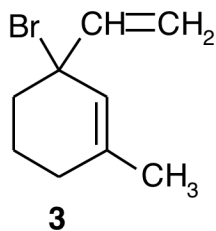
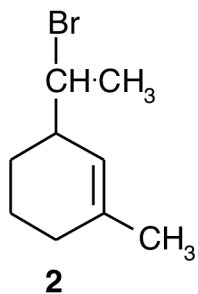
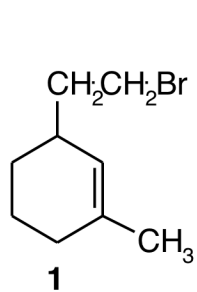
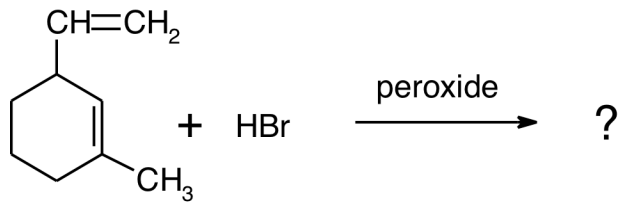


- \_\_\_ A. First:  $\text{NH}_2^-$ ; Next:  $\text{Br}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; Next:  $\text{NH}_2^-$ (excess); Next: 1.  $\text{NH}_2^-$ , and 2.  $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$ ; Finally:  $\text{H}_2/\text{Pd}$
- \_\_\_ B. First:  $\text{HO}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; Next: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next:  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHMgBr}$ ; Next: **RCO<sub>3</sub>H**; Next:  $\text{H}^+/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; Finally: **PCC**
- \_\_\_ C. First:  $\text{Mg}/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ ; Next: 1. **EO**, and 2.  $\text{H}^+$ ; Finally: **PCC**
- \_\_\_ D. First:  $\text{HO}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; Next: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next:  $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{MgBr}$ ; Finally: **PCC**
- \_\_\_ E. First:  $\text{HO}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; Next: **TsCl**/pyridine; Next:  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHMgBr}$ ; Next: **RCO<sub>3</sub>H**; Next:  $\text{HO}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ; Finally: **PCC**;

Rationale:

Chapter 11 Problem 29a

7. Choose structure of the **MAJOR** product of the reaction shown below.



\_\_\_ A. **2**

\_\_\_ B. **4**

\_\_\_ C. **5**

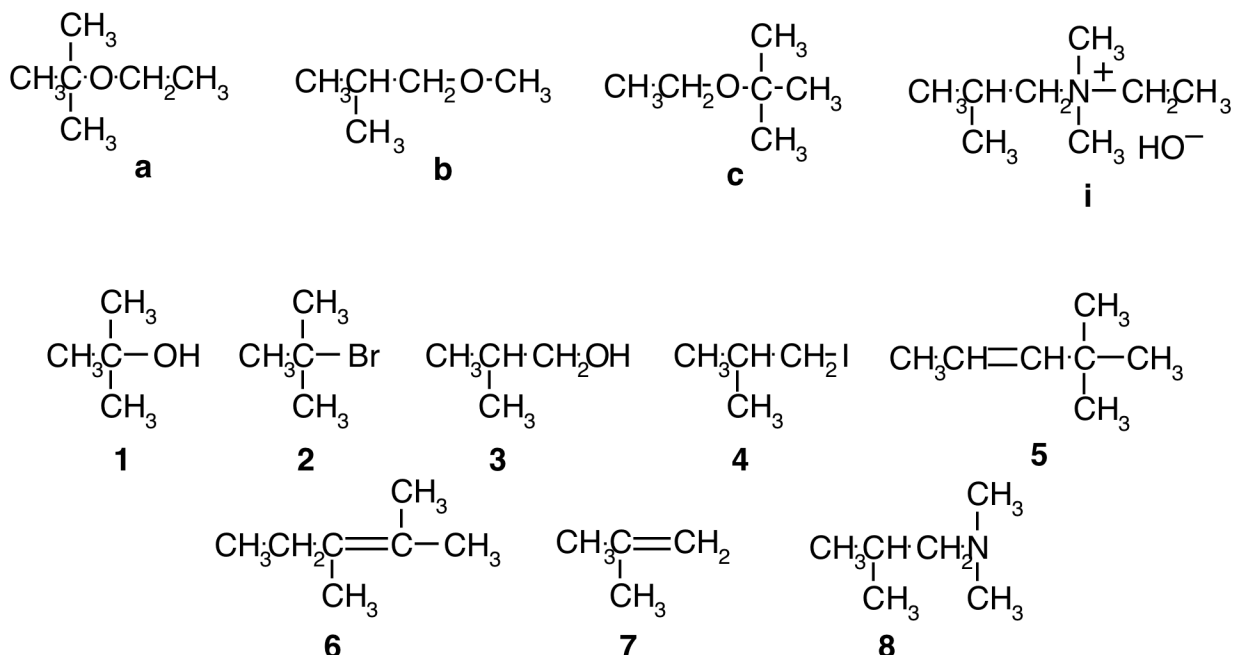
\_\_\_ D. **3**

\_\_\_ E. **1**

Rationale:

Chapter 12 Problem 32f

8. Which of the reactions specified in the multiple choices gives the **CORRECT** product? Use the labelled structures below for reference.

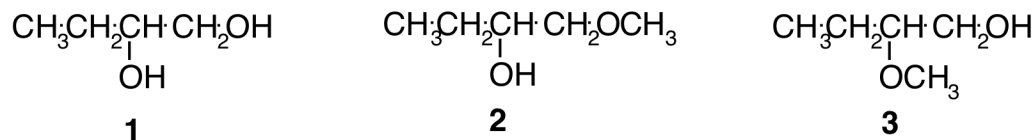


- \_\_\_ A. **c** + H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>/Δ → **6**
- \_\_\_ B. **b** + HI/Δ → **4** + CH<sub>3</sub>OH
- \_\_\_ C. None of the reactions in the other choices gives the correct product.
- \_\_\_ D. **i**/Δ → (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> + **7**
- \_\_\_ E. **a** + HBr/Δ → **1** + CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 38(a,b,c,i)

9. Which of the choices gives the **CORRECT** structure of the major product of the reaction of 2-ethyloxirane with the reagents specified? Use the numbered product structures below for reference.

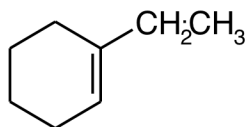


- \_\_\_ A. 0.10 M NaOH gives product **3**.
- \_\_\_ B. CH<sub>3</sub>OH/CH<sub>3</sub>O<sup>-</sup> gives product **2**.
- \_\_\_ C. CH<sub>3</sub>OH/HCl gives product **2**.
- \_\_\_ D. CH<sub>3</sub>OH/HCl gives product **1**.
- \_\_\_ E. 0.10 M HCl gives HOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH.

Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 54

10. How could the following compound be prepared using cyclohexene as a starting material?

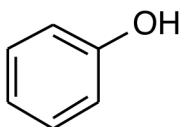


- \_\_\_ A. First react the cyclohexene with a peracid ( $\text{RCO}_3\text{H}$ ). Next react with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{MgBr}$  followed by aqueous  $\text{HCl}$ . Finally dehydrate with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ .
- \_\_\_ B. First react the cyclohexene with  $\text{BH}_3/\text{THF}$  followed by  $\text{HO}^-/\text{H}_2\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Next form a sulfonate ester with  $\text{RSO}_2\text{Cl}$ . Finally substitute the ethyl group for the sulfonate ester by reacting with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{MgBr}$ .
- \_\_\_ C. First react the cyclohexene with  $\text{Br}_2/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . Next react with  $\text{Mg}/(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ . Finally react with  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$  and  $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ .
- \_\_\_ D. React the cyclohexene with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$  in the presence of a  $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$  catalyst to carry out the synthesis in one step via a Heck reaction.
- \_\_\_ E. First react the cyclohexene with  $\text{Br}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Next form a Grignard reagent with  $\text{Mg}/(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ . Next add the ethyl group by reacting the Grignard reagent with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$ . Finally dehydrate with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to regenerate the alkene.

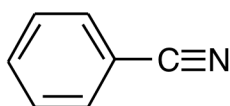
Rationale:

Chapter 10 Problem 2a

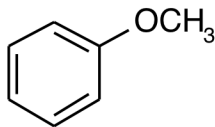
11. Figure out the names of the five compounds whose structures are shown below. Choose the one which is **CORRECTLY** named in the multiple choices.



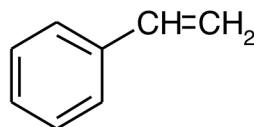
**a**



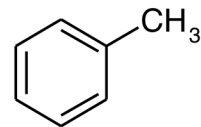
**c**



**e**



**f**



**g**

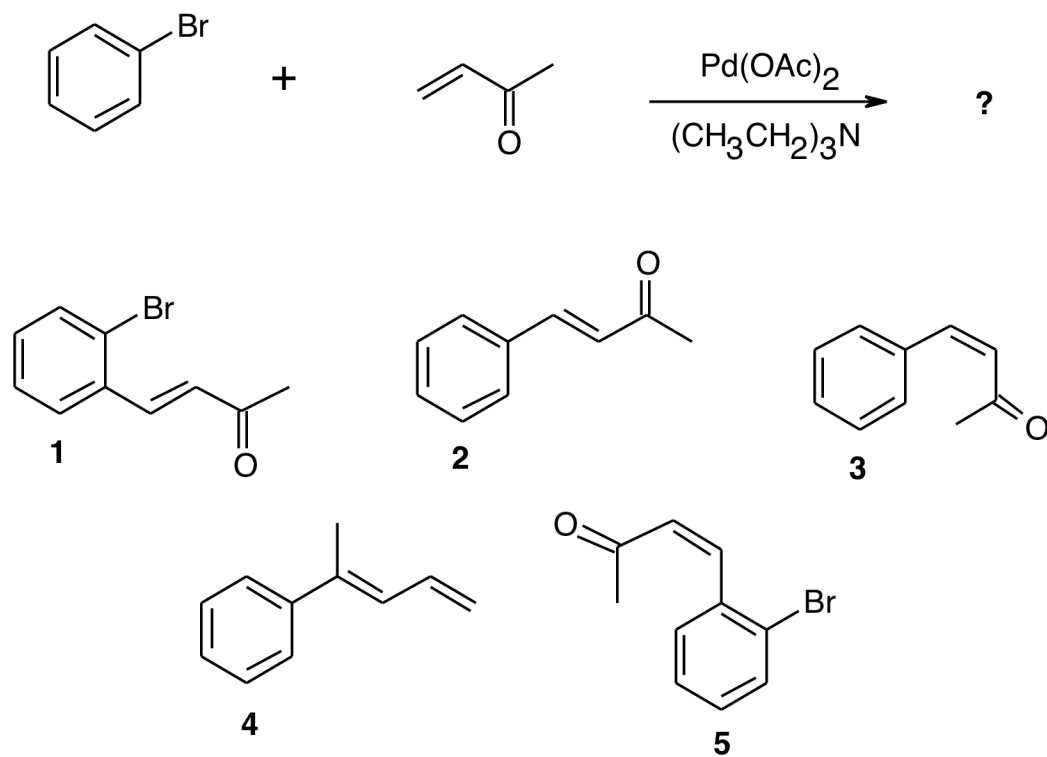
- \_\_\_ A. Compound **f** is toluene.
- \_\_\_ B. Compound **c** is phenylisocyanide.
- \_\_\_ C. Compound **e** is styrene.
- \_\_\_ D. Compound **a** is phenol.
- \_\_\_ E. Compound **g** is anisole.

Rationale:

Chapter 15 Problem 35(a,c,e,f,g)



12. Choose the **CORRECT** structure of the **MAJOR** product of the reaction shown below. shown below.

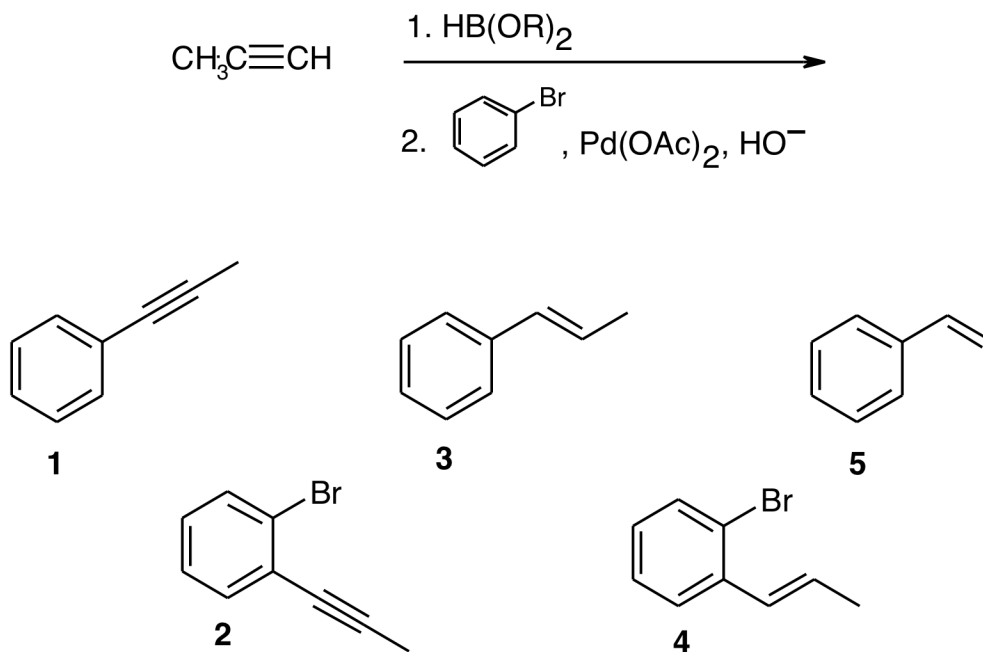


- \_\_\_ A. **2**  
\_\_\_ B. **1**  
\_\_\_ C. **3**  
\_\_\_ D. **4**  
\_\_\_ E. **5**

Rationale:

Chapter 11 Problem 28c

13. Choose the **CORRECT** structure of the **MAJOR** product of the reaction shown below.

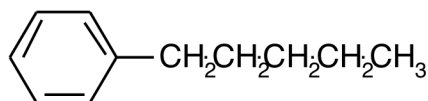


- \_\_\_ A. **4** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ B. **1** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ C. **2** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ D. **5** is the major product of this reaction.
- \_\_\_ E. **3** is the major product of this reaction.

Rationale:

Chapter 11 Problem 22f

14. Pick the choice which describes how the compound with the structure shown below could be synthesized from benzene.

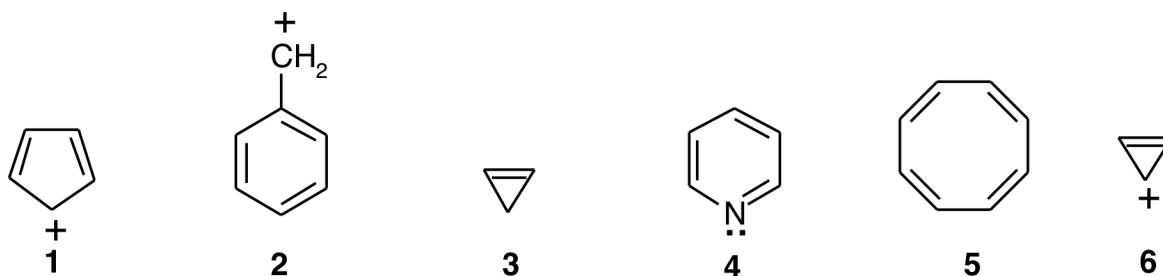


- \_\_\_ A. React benzene with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$  and  $\text{AlCl}_3$ .
- \_\_\_ B. First react benzene with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{Cl}$  and  $\text{AlCl}_3$ . Next react with  $\text{NH}_2\text{NH}_2/\text{HO}^-$ .
- \_\_\_ C. First react benzene with  $\text{Br}_2/\text{FeBr}_3$ . Next react with  $(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CuBr}$ .
- \_\_\_ D. First react benzene with  $\text{Br}_2/\text{FeBr}_3$ . Next react with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$  and  $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2/\text{HO}^-$ .
- \_\_\_ E. React benzene with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{B}(\text{OR})_2$  and  $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2/\text{HO}^-$ .

Rationale:

Chapter 15 Problem 28b

15. Classify each of the five numbered structures below as aromatic, nonaromatic, or antiaromatic. (Hint: If possible a ring will be nonplanar to avoid being antiaromatic.) Choose the **CORRECT** statement.



- \_\_\_ A. **1**, **3**, and **5** are aromatic.
- \_\_\_ B. **3** and **5** are antiaromatic.
- \_\_\_ C. **2**, **4**, and **6** are aromatic.
- \_\_\_ D. **1** is nonaromatic.
- \_\_\_ E. **5** is antiaromatic.

Rationale:

Chapter 15 Problem 36

Answer Key

**"Grade or Education" = 1**

**CHEM 2261/01  
Summer 12  
Exam 4  
Chapters 10, 11, 12, 15**

1. A
2. D
3. D
4. D
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. A
11. D
12. A
13. E
14. B
15. C